# TRINITY ROAD PRIMARY SCHOOL DECLARATION OF PECUNIARY AND PERSONAL INTEREST FORM

Pecuniary interests	Please provide details of the interest
I Clare Reynolds declare Member) of Trinity Road Primary School that I hold the fo	e as a Governor/ <del>Trustee (Associate Member/Non-Trustee/Staf</del> i Illowing personal and/or pecuniary interest(s):
Position:Parent Governor	
School:Trinity Road Primary School	
Name:Clare Reynolds	

Pecuniary interests	Please provide details of the interest	
Current employment	Essex County Council	
Businesses (of which I am a partner or sole proprietor)		
Company directorships – details of all companies of which I am a director		
Charity trusteeships – details of all companies of which I am a trustee		
Membership of professional bodies, membership organisations, public bodies or special interest groups of which I am a member and have a position of general control or management		
Gifts or hospitality offered to you by external bodies while acting in your position as a member/governor/trustee/associate member/staff member and whether this was declined or accepted in the last 12 months		
Contracts offered by you for the supply of goods and/or services to the trust/school		
Any other conflict		

Personal interests	Name	Relationship me	to	Organisation	Nature interest	of	the
Immediate family/close connections to governor/trustee/ associate member/staff member							
Company directorships or trusteeships of family/close connections to governor/trustee/ associate member/staff member							

If you are a governor or trustee of any other schools and/or academies, please provide details below:

Name of school/academy:
Position held:
Date appointed/elected:
Date of termination:

To the best of my knowledge the information supplied above is correct and complete. I understand that it is my responsibility to declare any conflict of interest/loyalty, business or personal that relates directly or indirectly, to myself or any relation in any contract, proposed contract or other matter when present at a meeting at the school where such contract or matter comes under consideration. I understand that I must withdraw from any meeting during the discussion of such contract or matter and must not vote in respect of it.

I agree to review and update this declaration annually and give consent for the information provided to be used in accordance with the trust/school's conflicts of interest policy.

Signed	i:CReynolds
Date:	24/09/2021

## Guidance notes: for governors and trustees only

Governors and trustees have a legal duty to act only in the best interests of their schools. Where a situation arises in which they cannot do this due to a personal interest they have, steps should be taken to identify, prevent and record the conflict. This ensures governors or trustees are acting in the best interests of the school.

Governors should declare any financial or non-financial interests that may cause any conflict with the school's interests. This declaration should be used by all governors to identify any interests they have which might give rise to a potential conflict of interest and whether they have any interest, or relationship, which could in some circumstances lead to suggestions that their objectivity is compromised.

When considering whether there may be a conflict of interest it is helpful to ask, would a reasonable member of the public, knowing all the facts, think that there is the possibility of the governor being influenced? If the answer is yes, then the interest should be declared. If in doubt declare the interest and seek clarification from the Clerk or Headteacher.

In the declaration above, you must provide details relating to:

- Your ownership or partnership of a company or organisation which may be used by the trust/school to provide goods or services;
- Goods or services you offer which may be used by the trust/school;
- Any close relation you have to someone who satisfies either of the above:
- Any close relationship you have to someone who is employed by the trust/school.

Declaring your conflicts of interest is a legal requirement within the School Governance (Roles, Procedures and Allowances) (England) Regulations 2013 and for academies, in the Articles of Association and Academies Financial Handbook. However, making an annual declaration does not remove your requirement to make an oral disclosure of the interest and temporarily leave the meeting, where the interest is relevant to something being discussed.

#### **Pecuniary interests**

Generally, governors should not participate in any discussions in which they may directly or indirectly benefit from a pecuniary interest, except where the relevant authority has authorised this i.e. legislation for maintained schools or articles of association for academies. A direct benefit refers to any personal financial benefit and an indirect benefit refers to any financial benefit you may have by virtue of a relationship to someone who stands to gain from a decision of the governing board. Both direct and indirect interests must be declared.

#### Non-pecuniary interests (Conflicts of loyalty)

There may be a non-pecuniary interest whereby the governor does not stand to gain any benefit, but a declaration should still be made. For example, this might be where a governor has a family member working in the school. While the governor might not benefit personally, their judgment could be impaired if something was brought up that would affect the family member.

### Handling the conflict

The governing board must make a decision as to whether or not they should take steps to remove the conflict by:

- Not pursuing the course of action it relates to; or
- Proceeding with it in an alternative way which does not give rise to conflict; or
- Not appointing the governor in question or seeking to secure their resignation.

#### In the minutes of the meeting, the following should be recorded:

- The nature of the conflict;
- Which governor(s) it relates to;
- Whether a declaration was made in advance of the meeting;
- A brief overview of what was discussed:
- Whether the governor(s) withdrew from the meeting;

How the governors made the decision in the best interests of the school.

The School and Early Years Finance (England) Regulations 2013 provide for local authority financing schemes to keep a register of pecuniary interests for the trustees, governors and staff of schools. The register should be reviewed annually by the clerk to the governing body but any new interest or ceased interest, should be reported to the clerk as and when they occur. Upon completion, this signed form should be given to the clerk of governors whose responsibility it is to keep a register of all interests and review it annually.

The Charity Commission has produced *guidance on dealing with conflicts of interests* which may be useful, even for schools that do not have charitable status.